

Sime Darby Berhad

Analyst Briefing for 9 months & 3rd Quarter ended 31 March 2024



Sime Darby Berhad Group Results

Reported Profit: 9 months ended 31 March 2024



In RM Million	9M FY2024	9M FY2023	YoY %
Revenue	48,339	35,002	38.1
PBIT	2,180	1,177	85.2
Finance income	105	47	
Finance costs	(502)	(206)	
Profit before tax	1,783	1,018	75.1
Taxation	(445)	(308)	
Profit from continuing operations	1,338	710	88.5
Perpetual sukuk	(21)	-	
Non-controlling interests	(142)	(40)	
Net profit from continuing operations	1,175	670	75.4
Net profit from discontinuing/discontinued operations ¹	2,042	166	
Net profit attributable to owners of the Company	3,217	836	>100.0

^{1.} Relates to Healthcare and Logistics

Core Profit: Reported Profit: 9 months ended 31 March 2024



In RM Million	9M FY2024	9M FY2023	YoY %
Reported PBIT from continuing operations	2,180	1,177	85.2
Adjustments:			
Gain on disposal of Malaysia Vision Valley ("MVV") land	(279)	-	
Foreign exchange gain on settlement of net investments	(25)	(19)	
Core PBIT from continuing operations	1,876	1,158	62.0
Net finance costs	(397)	(159)	
Taxation	$(417)^1$	(308)	
Perpetual sukuk	(21)	-	
Non controlling interests	(142)	(40)	
Core Net Profit from continuing operations	899	651	38.1
Core Net Profit from discontinuing/discontinued operations	35 ²	40 ³	
Core Net Profit	934	691	35.2

Adjustments:

- 1. Adjusted for tax effects of one-off items.
- 2. Excludes net gain on disposal of Ramsay Sime Darby Healthcare ("RSDH") (total of RM2,007 million)
- 3. Excludes net gain on disposal of the Weifang port companies and adjustments for depreciation, impairment and deferred tax (total of RM126m)

Segmental PBIT: 9 months ended 31 March 2024



In RM Million		9M FY2024		9M FY2023			Reported Core PB	
	Reported PBIT	Adjustments	Core PBIT	Reported PBIT	Adjustments	Core PBIT	YoY %	YoY %
Continuing opera	<u>tions</u>							
Industrial	1,068	-	1,068	676	-	676	58.0	58.0
Motors	575	-	575	497	-	497	15.7	15.7
UMW	309	-	309	-	-	-	-	-
Others	11	-	11	51	-	51	(78.4)	(78.4)
Corporate	(87)	-	(87)	(66)	-	(66)	(31.8)	(31.8)
Gain on disposal of MVV land	279	(279)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forex	25	(25)	-	19	(19)	-	31.6	-
PBIT from continuing operations	2,180	(304)	1,876	1,177	(19)	1,158	85.2	62.0
PBIT from discontinuing/ discontinued operations	2,046	(2,007) 1	39	160	(122) ²	38	>100.0	2.6
PBIT	4,226	(2,311)	1,915	1,337	(141)	1,196	>100.0	60.1

Adjustments:

- 1. Net gain on disposal of Ramsay Sime Darby Health ("RSDH")
- 2. Net gain on disposal of the Weifang port companies and adjustments for impairment and depreciation

Reported Profit: Quarter ended 31 March 2024



In RM Million	Q3 FY2024	Q3 FY2023	YoY %
Revenue	18,835	11,528	63.4
PBIT	759	405	87.4
Finance income	49	24	
Finance costs	(206)	(81)	
Profit before tax	602	348	73.0
Taxation	(151)	(108)	
Profit from continuing operations	451	240	87.9
Perpetual sukuk	(17)	-	
Non-controlling interests	(85)	(13)	
Net profit from continuing operations	349	227	53.7
Net profit from discontinuing/discontinued operations ¹	(9)	13	
Net profit attributable to owners of the Company	340	240	41.7

^{1.} Relates to Healthcare and Logistics

Core Profit: Quarter ended 31 March 2024



In RM Million	Q3 FY2024	Q3 FY2023	YoY %
Reported PBIT from continuing operations	759	405	87.4
Adjustments:			
Foreign exchange gain on settlement of net investments	-	(7)	
Core PBIT from continuing operations	759	398	90.7
Net finance costs	(157)	(57)	
Taxation	(151)	(108)	
Perpetual sukuk	(17)	-	
Non controlling interests	(85)	(13)	
Core Net Profit from continuing operations	349	220	58.6
Core Net Profit/(loss) from discontinuing/discontinued operations	(9)	13	
Core Net Profit	340	233	45.9

Segmental PBIT: Quarter ended 31 March 2024

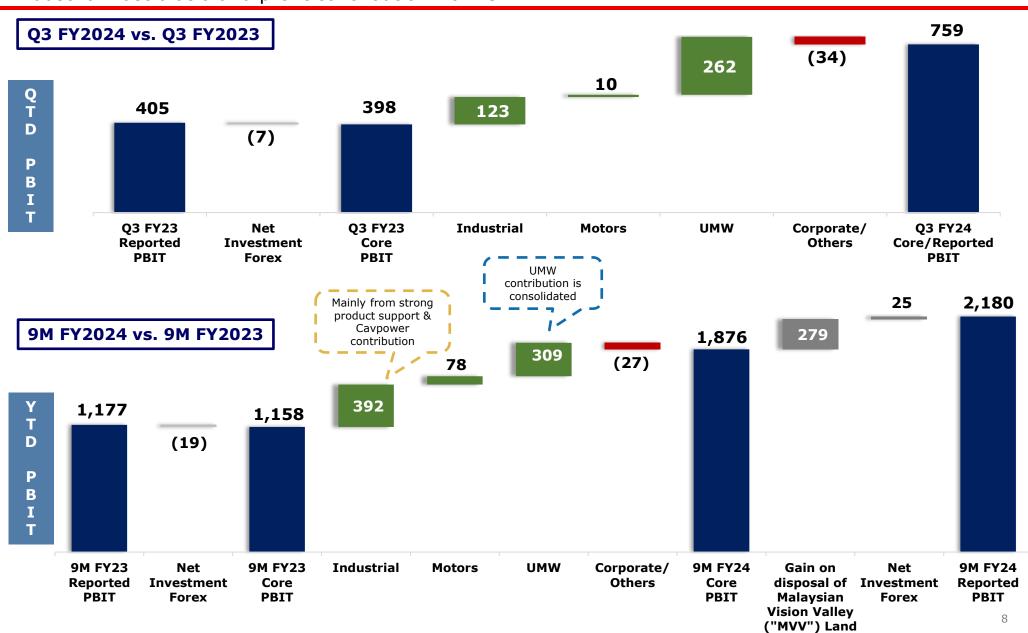


In RM Million		Q3 FY2024		Q3 FY2023		Q3 FY2023			Reported PBIT	Core PBIT
	Reported PBIT	Adjustments	Core PBIT	Reported PBIT	Adjustments	Core PBIT	YoY %	YoY %		
Continuing oper	rations									
Industrial	359	-	359	236	-	236	52.1	52.1		
Motors	180	-	180	170	-	170	5.9	5.9		
UMW	262	-	262	-	-	-	-	-		
Others	(2)	-	(2)	15	-	15	<(100.0)	<(100.0)		
Corporate	(40)	-	(40)	(23)	-	(23)	(73.9)	(73.9)		
Forex	-	-	-	7	(7)	-	-	-		
PBIT from continuing operations	759	-	759	405	(7)	398	87.4	90.7		
PBIT from discontinuing/discontinued operations	(5)	-	(5)	13	-	13	<(100.0)	<(100.0)		
PBIT	754	-	754	418	(7)	411	80.4	83.5		

PBIT - from continuing operations



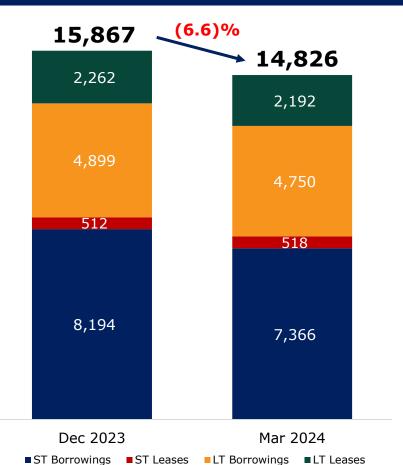
YTD Core PBIT from continuing operations was 62% higher mainly due to higher profit from Industrial Australasia and profit contribution from UMW







Long Term vs Short Term Debt



Total Debt



RM 14.8bnAs at 31 March 2024

RM22.8bn Total Equity **0.65x**Debt/Equity Ratio

0.49xNet Gearing

RM3.6bn
Bank balances,
deposits and cash



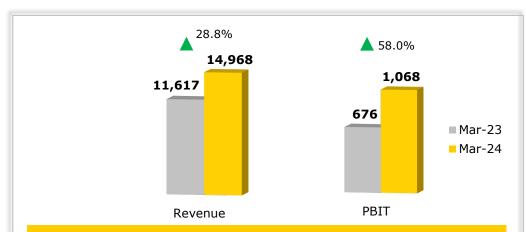
Industrial Division

Industrial Division

Strong performance from the Australasia operations







In RM Million	9M FY2023	9M FY2024
Australasia	8,281	11,427
China	2,002	1,885
Malaysia	735	943
Singapore & Others	599	713
Total Revenue	11,617	14,968
Australasia	572	923
China	68	48
Malaysia	-	46
Singapore & Others	36	51
Total PBIT	676	1,068
PBIT margin	5.8%	7.1%
Annualised ROIC	8.2%	9.5%

Australasia

- The increase of profit in Australia was mainly attributed to higher product support and mining equipment revenue.
- Onsite Rental (acquired in April 2023) contributed PBIT of RM121 million and Cavpower Group (acquired in November 2023) contributed PBIT of RM32 million; both after acquisition adjustments.
- New Zealand PBIT declined to RM16m (9MFY2023: RM37m) as the recession in New Zealand had resulted in lower equipment sales as well as lower margins due to price competition.

China

• Equipment sales affected by slowdown in the construction industry.

Malaysia

• Higher profits derived mainly from equipment sales and product support.

Singapore & Others

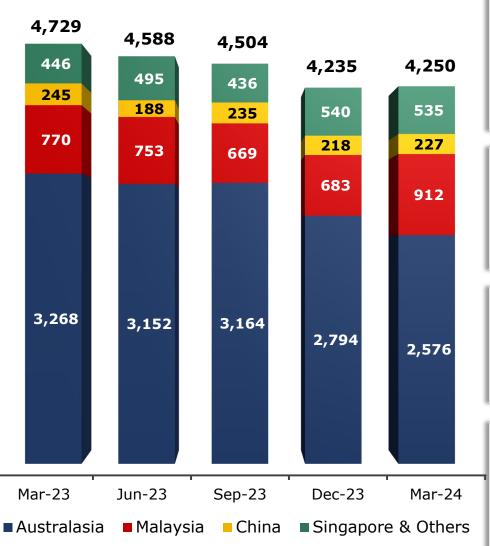
 Higher profits driven by the product support and engine segments.

Industrial Outlook





Order book mainly from mining projects in Australia





AUSTRALASIA

- Demand for mining equipment remains steady.
- In New Zealand, CAT price premiums have impacted margins while economic conditions remain challenging.



CHINA

 Debt restructuring and financial constraints of property developers have impacted demand for construction equipment.



MALAYSIA

- Increased infrastructure projects is expected to support demand for equipment from the construction sector.
- The engine segment continues to have demand from construction of data centres.



SINGAPORE

- Revenue growth in the engines segment is supported by the energy industry.
- Construction of new data centres are anticipated to boost demand for engines and product support.

Note – Dec 2023 and Mar 2024 order book for Australasia does not include Cavpower $\,$

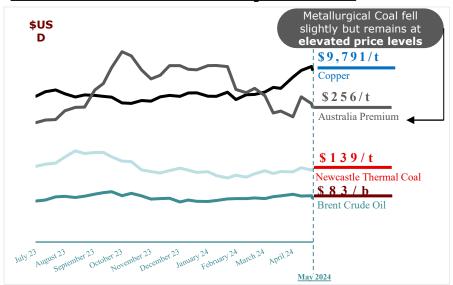
Industrial Division





Benefitting from Robust Commodity Prices; Copper on a Surge

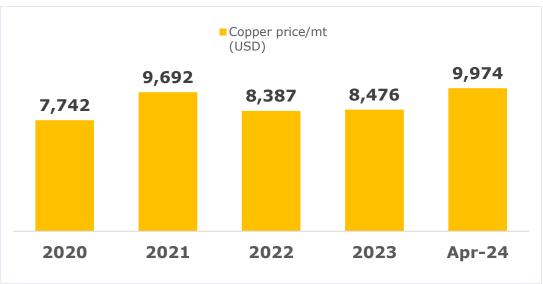
Robust Commodity Prices



Commodity prices remain elevated:

- Metallurgical coal prices remain elevated as production centers emerge from the rainy season
- Governments encouraging the shift to green energy transition, thus creating demand for metals such as aluminium, copper and tin.

Strong Demand for Copper



- Strong copper prices on the back of demand from power generation, EVs and electronic devices which is expected to push the copper supply deficit to 6.5 million metric ton (McKinsey).
- BHP announced plans to **acquire** Anglo American to **create** the **world's biggest copper producer.**





Cavpower in South Australia allows us to capitalise on the copper boom



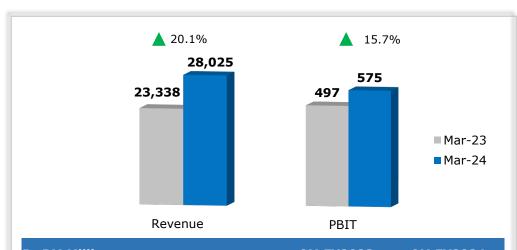
Motors Division

Motors Division





Strong performance in Malaysia and Singapore, partly offset by weaker results from China



In RM Million	9M FY2023	9M FY2024
Malaysia	4,777	6,603
China	10,738	11,638
Australasia	4,141	4,719
Singapore & Others	3,682	5,065
Total Revenue	23,338	28,025
Malaysia	202	349
China	87	(18)
Australasia	151	140
Singapore & Others	57	104
Total PBIT	497	575
PBIT margin	2.1%	2.1%
Annualised ROIC	6.9%	6.7%

Malaysia

- Higher profits were mainly supported by strong revenue growth, particularly for Sime Darby Auto Connexion.
- Higher assembly profit supported by the increase in units assembled.

China

- Mainland China Persistent price competition had impacted vehicle margins.
- Taiwan Significant improvement in results with higher revenue and margins.
- Hong Kong Higher sales of electric vehicles.

Australasia

- New Zealand Strong performance from the commercial and transport businesses.
- Lower profitability from retail operations due to lower margins.

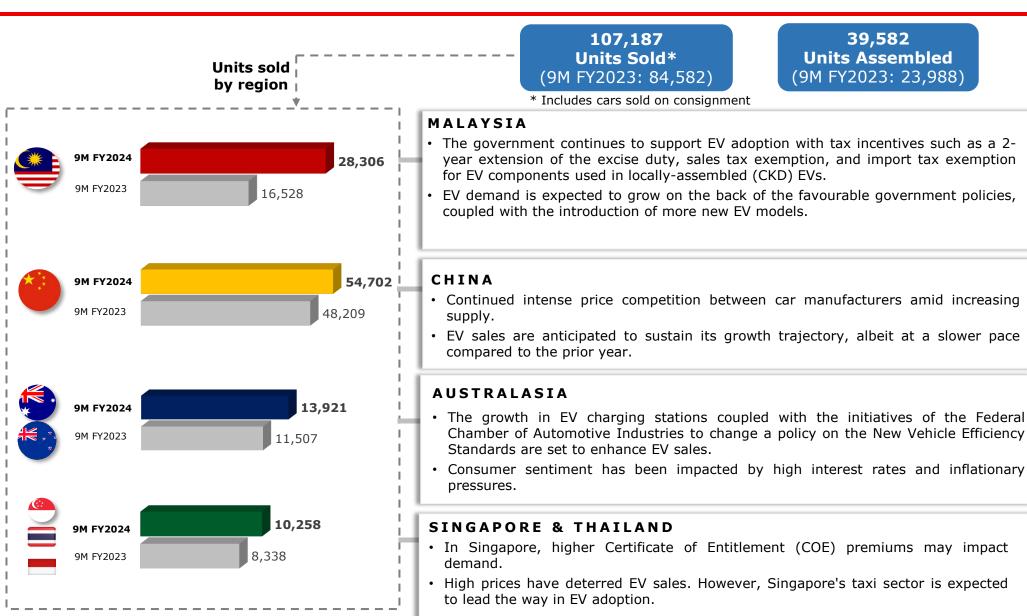
Singapore & Others

• Singapore – Higher sales of electrical vehicles.

Motors Outlook



Electric vehicle sales anticipated to benefit from government incentives



Motors Outlook

Exciting new models coming out in the next 12 months





Xpeng G6
Hong Kong/Macau - 2024



BMW i5 M60 Australia -2024



Mini Cooper MINI Electric China - 2024



Volvo EX30 Malaysia - 2024

Motors Division

2020

2021

New vehicle sales in China remains strong



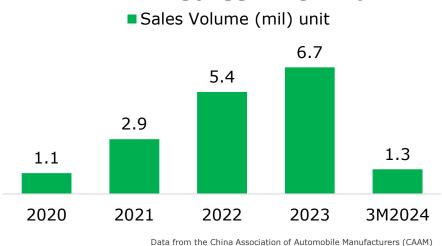
China New Vehicle Sales ■ Sales Volume (mil) unit 30.1 26.9 26.3 25.3 6.7

2022

BEV sales in China

2023

3M2024









BYD Ocean-M concept

Chery Tiggo 9 PHEV







Jaecoo 18 PHEV

Neta L

BAIC X55II

- Government introduced promotion policies such as trade-in policies to boost auto sales in some regions.
- While sales continues to grow, margins are declining due to intense competition and discounting among auto players.
- Year-to-date, sales volume was 6.7 million units, up 10.6% year-on-year, while BEV sales was **up** by **13.3%.**



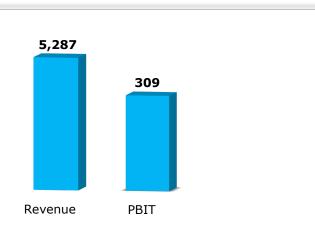
UMW Division

UMW Division

PBIT largely contributed by its automotive segment







In RM Million	9M FY2024
Automotive	4,646
Equipment (continuing)	307
Manufacturing & Engineering	330
Others	4
Total Revenue	5,287
Automotive	291
Equipment (continuing)	37
Manufacturing & Engineering	24
Others	(43)
Total PBIT	309
PBIT margin	5.8%
Annualised ROIC (based on Q3 only)	10.0%

 $\textbf{Note} \ \text{-} \ \text{no prior year comparatives as consolidated from December 2023 onwards}$

Automotive

- Sales remained strong for the January-March period, supported by continuing demand.
- The Total Industry Volume (TIV) grew by 5% in the quarter.

Equipment

• The Equipment segment's performance is sustained in the quarter, supported by the encouraging demand in both local and overseas markets.

Manufacturing & Engineering

- The growth in Auto components and Lubricants subsegments was in line with the strong sales registered by the automotive industry.
- The Aerospace sub-segment continues to ramp up production in line with the scheduled delivery of fan cases.

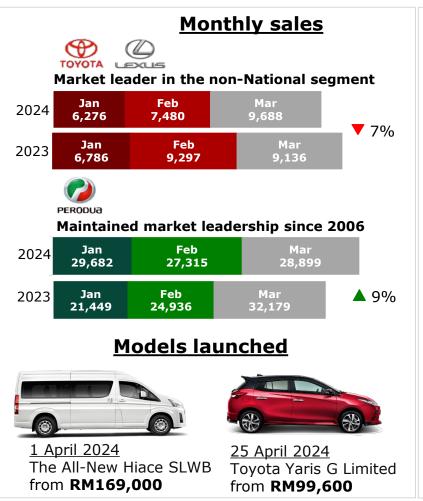
UMW Division

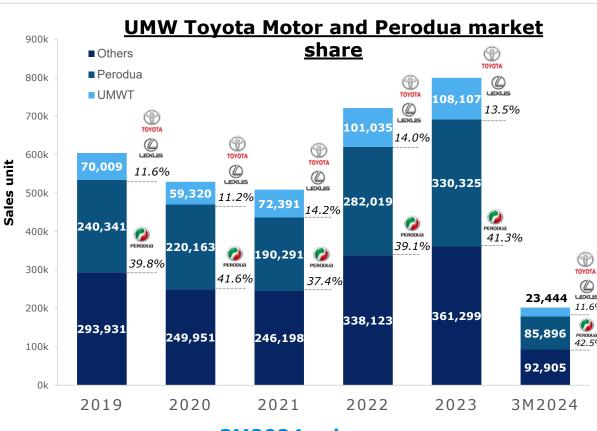




UMW Toyota Motor and Perodua sales & Total Industry Volume

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024F
TIV	604,281	529,514	508,883	721,177	799,731	740,000





3M2024 sales 202,245 units ▲ 5% Y-o-Y



Thank You